

**Exam. Code : 107406**

**Subject Code : 2170**

**B.Sc. (Bio-Technology) Semester—VI**

**rDNA TECHNOLOGY—B**

**Paper—BT-1**

Time Allowed—3 Hours] [Maximum Marks—40

**SECTION—A**

**Note :—** Attempt all questions. 1 mark each.

- (i) Why BAC libraries are preferred for sequencing of large genomes ?
- (ii) How can you regulate the expression of a recombinant protein ?
- (iii) What are opines ?
- (iv) How can you find out melting temperature of primers ?
- (v) What are dideoxy nucleotides ?
- (vi) What are linkers and their role in gene cloning ?
- (vii) What are directional libraries ?
- (viii) What is phage display ?

**SECTION—B**

**Note :—** Attempt five questions by selecting one from each unit. 4 marks each.

**UNIT—I**

1. How can you increase root mass in plants ? Explain in detail.
2. What are expression vectors ? Explain with examples.

**UNIT—II**

3. How can you prevent the self annealing of vectors while cloning a gene ?
4. Explain the properties of lambda vector ?

**UNIT—III**

5. Explain the principle of PCR.
6. Explain the concepts of microarrays.

**UNIT—IV**

7. Explain Sanger's method of DNA sequencing.
8. How can you mutate a site by PCR ?

**SECTION—C**

**Note :—** Do any two questions. 6 marks each.

9. What are shuttle vectors ? Explain each component of vector with diagram.

10. What are genomic libraries ? How can you screen prokaryotic and eukaryotic libraries ?
11. How the microarray helps in understanding differential gene expression ? What are its advantages over real time PCR ?
12. Explain phage display in detail.