Exam. Code: 105402

Subject Code: 1470

# **Bachelor in Business Administration 2nd Semester**

#### **BUSINESS LAWS**

# Paper - BBA-203

Time Allowed-3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks-50

#### **SECTION-A**

**Note**: Attempt any **ten** of the following for **1** mark each.

- 1. (a) What is Cross and Counter Offer?
  - (b) What is Wagering Agreement?
  - (c) Differentiate Coercion from Duress.
  - (d) What is Hire Purchase Agreement?
  - (e) What is the doctrine of 'Caveat Emptor'?
  - (f) Discuss the rules as to delivery of goods.
  - (g) Define Negotiable Instrument.
  - (h) Who is 'Holder in the due course'?
  - (i) State the various modes of Negotiation.
  - (j) What is Promissory Note?

- (k) What is Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881?
- (I) Define 'Consumer' as per the Consumer Protection Act, 1986.

### **SECTION-B**

**Note :—** Attempt any two questions of 10 marks each.

- 2. 'Consideration need not to be adequate to the promise, but it must be of some value in the eyes of the law.'

  Elucidate the statement.
- 3. State briefly the various modes in which a contract may be discharged.
- 4. Describe the subject matter of Sale. Distinguish between specific, ascertained and unascertained goods.
- 5. Distinguish between an unpaid seller's lien and stoppage of goods in transit. When can the unpaid seller re-sell the goods?

### **SECTION-C**

**Note:**— Attempt any two questions of 10 marks each.

- 6. What is 'Bill of Exchange'? Explain its essential elements.
- 7. What is meant by the term 'Crossing of a Cheque'? State the various types of crossing.:

- 8. Under what circumstances is notice of dishonor unnecessary? Distinguish between discharge of a negotiable instrument and discharge of a party to a negotiable instrument?
- 9. Explain the various features of the Consumer Protection Act, 1986.