Exam. Code : 211001

Subject Code: 3834

M.Sc. Mathematics 1st Semester

REAL ANALYSIS—I

Paper: MATH-551

Time Allowed—3 Hours] [Maximum Marks—100

- Note:—(1) Attempt five questions in all, selecting at least one question from each part.
 - (2) Include the necessary results, depending upon the credit of the question.
 - (3) In the following, X denotes a metric space with metric d.

PART—I

- 1. (a) Prove that finite Cartesian product of countable sets is countable.
 - (b) Prove that open balls/neighborhoods in X are open subsets of X.
 - (c) Let E ⊂ X and x be a limit point of E. Prove that for every ∈ > 0, the set B(x; ∈) ∩ E is infinite.

- 2. (a) Prove that every closed and bounded subset of R is compact. Is it true for arbitrary metric spaces?
 - (b) Prove that every infinite compact metric space has a limit point.
 - (c) Prove that there are uncountably many irrational numbers inside the Cantor set.

PART—II

- 3. (a) Prove that [0, 1] is a connected subset of reals.
 - (b) Let A and B be separated subsets of X such that A ∪ B = X. Prove that both A and B are open as well as closed in X.
 - (c) Prove that the sum as well as the product of two functions of bounded variation are functions of bounded variation.
- 4. (a) Does there exist a sequence which has uncountably many convergent subsequences? Justify your answer.
 - (b) Let $\{x_n\}$ be a Cauchy sequence in X, containing a convergent subsequence. Prove that $\{x_n\}$ is a convergent sequence.
 - (c) State and prove the nested interval property of reals.

PART—III

- 5. (a) State and prove the Banach contraction principle.

 Also show that the completeness of the domain is not redundant.
 - (b) Prove that the set of all irrational numbers is not a countable union of closed subsets of reals.

6

- (c) Prove that continuous image of compact sets is compact.
- 6. (a) Let $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ be a monotone function discontinuous at some $d \in \mathbb{R}$. Prove that d is a jump discontinuity of f.
 - (b) Prove that the composition of two uniformly continuous functions, if possible, is uniformly continuous.

PART-IV

- (a) State and prove the well known inequality consisting of the upper and lower Riemann integral of a bounded function.
 - (b) Prove that every continuous function has an antiderivative.
- (a) Prove that every monotone real function on
 [0, 1] is Riemann-Stieltje integrable.
 - (b) State and prove the well known integration by parts formula for the Riemann integral. 10